ASSIGNMENT I

Problem 1. Given an undirected graph G = (V, E), the *minimum vertex cover problem* asks for a minimum set $S \subseteq V$ such that for every edge $e \in E$, $e \cap S \neq \emptyset$. If we use $x_v \in \{0, 1\}$ to indicate whether v is in S, the following integer program is equivalent to computing minimum vertex cover:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & \sum_{v \in V} x_v \\ \text{s.t.} & x_u + x_v \geq 1, \quad \forall \ \{u, v\} \in E \\ & x_v \in \{0, 1\}, \quad \forall v \in V \end{array}$$

Please relax the above integer program to a linear program and apply linear programming rounding approach to obtain a 2-approximation algorithm for minimum vertex cover problem.

Problem 2. We have shown in class that the minimum label *s*-*t* cut problem has an $O\left(\sqrt{\frac{|E|}{\text{OPT}}}\right)$ -approximation algorithm. The algorithm is obtained in the following way:

- (1) round the LP solution to get a partial cut *S*;
- (2) remove *S* and compute the minimum *s*-*t* cut in the remaining graph.

In the class, we used Menger's theorem to bound the size of minimum *s*-*t* cut in step (2). In fact, we can bound the size of the minimum cut in another way: use BFS to layerize vertices from *s* to *t*, and bound the number of edges between layers. Please use this idea to obtain an approximation algorithm with approximation ratio only depending on |V| and **OPT**.

Problem 3. Determine the integrality gap of our MAXCUT vector programming relaxation. Prove the best bound you can find.